

What's New in OpenShift 4.1

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Principles of design and development



OpenShift 4 Platform





OpenShift 4.1 Workstreams Lifecycle





The New Platform Boundary

OpenShift 4 is aware of the entire infrastructure and brings the Operating System under management

OpenShift & Kubernetes certificates & security settings container runtime config allowed maintenance windows software defined networking





		2019 Roadmap	
	Q2 CY2019 OpenShift 4.1	Q3 CY2019 OpenShift 4.2	Q4 CY19/Q1 CY20 OpenShift 4.3
DEV	 OpenShift Serverless (Knative) - DP OpenShift Pipelines (Tekton) - DP CodeReady Workspaces - GA CodeReady Containers - Alpha Developer CLI (odo) - Beta 	 Developer Console - GA OpenShift Serverless (Knative) - TP OpenShift Pipelines (Tekton) - TP CodeReady Containers - GA Developer CLI (odo) - GA 	 OpenShift Serverless (Knative) - GA OpenShift Pipelines (Tekton) - GA Metering for Services
PLATFORM APP	 OperatorHub Operator Lifecycle Manager Service Mesh (~2 month after) Kubernetes 1.13 with CRI-O runtime RHEL CoreOS, RHEL7 Automated Installer for AWS Pre-existing Infra Installer for Bare Metal, VMware, AWS Automated, one-click updates Multus (Kubernetes multi-network) Quay v3 	 <i>GPU</i> metering OperatorHub Enhancements Operator Deployment Field Forms Application Binding with Operators Application Migration Console Kubernetes 1.14 w/ CRI-O runtime Disconnected Install and Update Automated Installer for Azure, OSP, GCP OVN Tech Preview FIPS Federation Workload API Automated App cert rotation 	 • Windows Containers • Kubernetes 1.15 w/ CRI-O runtime • Automated Installer for IBM Cloud, Alibaba, RHV, Bare Metal Hardware Appliance • Pre-existing Infra Installer for Azure, OSP, GCP • OVN GA w/ Windows Networking Integration
HOSTED	 cloud.redhat.com - Multi-Cluster Mgmt OCP Cluster Subscription Management Azure Red Hat OpenShift OpenShift Dedicated consumption pricing 	OpenShift Container Storage 4.2 Cloud.redhat.com - Multi-Cluster Deployment Proactive Support Operator	• cloud.redhat.com - Subscription Mgmt Consumption Improvements

OpenShift 4.1

Installation and deployment



Install and deploy

Installation Experiences

OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM

- HOSTED OPENSHIFT

Full Stack Automated

Simplified opinionated "Best Practices" for cluster provisioning

Fully automated installation and updates including host container OS.



Pre-existing Infrastructure

Customer managed resources & infrastructure provisioning

Plug into existing DNS and security boundaries

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS Red Hat Enterprise Linux

Azure Red Hat OpenShift

Deploy directly from the Azure console. Jointly managed by Red Hat and Microsoft Azure engineers.

OpenShift Dedicated

Get a powerful cluster, fully Managed by Red Hat engineers and support.



4.1 Supported Providers*



* Requires Internet connectivity; support for cluster-wide proxy & disconnected installation/updating tentatively planned for 4.2

Red Hat

Generally Available

Red Hat Enterprise Linux

	RED HAT [®] ENTERPRISE LINUX [®]	RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX CoreOS
	General Purpose OS	Immutable container host
BENEFITS	 10+ year enterprise life cycle Industry standard security High performance on any infrastructure Customizable and compatible with wide ecosystem of partner solutions 	 Self-managing, over-the-air updates Tightly integrated and versioned with OpenShift Host isolation is enforced via Containers Optimized performance on popular infrastructure
WHEN TO USE	When customization and integration with additional solutions is required	When cloud-native, hands-free operations are a top priority



Immutable Operating System

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS is versioned with OpenShift

CoreOS is tested and shipped in conjunction with the platform. Red Hat runs thousands of tests against these configurations.

Red Hat Enterprise Linux CoreOS is managed by the cluster

The Operating system is operated as part of the cluster, with the config for components managed by Machine Config Operator:

- CRI-O config
- Kubelet config
- Authorized registries
- SSH config

RHEL CoreOS admins are responsible for: Nothing.





Install and deploy

Full Stack Automated Deployments

Day 1: openshift-install - Day 2: Operators







Install and deploy

Deploying to Pre-existing Infrastructure

Day 1: openshift-install - Day 2: Operators + admin managed infra & workers





Deployment Comparison

Full Stack Automation

Pre-existing Infrastructure

Build Network	Installer	User
Setup Load Balancers	Installer	User
Configure DNS	Installer	User
Hardware/VM Provisioning	Installer	User
OS Installation	Installer	User
Generate Ignition Configs	Installer	Installer
OS Support	RHEL CoreOS	RHEL CoreOS + RHEL 7
Node Provisioning / Autoscaling	Yes	Only for providers with OpenShift Machine API support
Customization & Provider Support	AWS	AWS, Bare Metal, VMware



Management and administration



Cloud-like Simplicity, Everywhere

Full-stack automated operations across any on-premises, cloud, or hybrid infrastructure





OpenShift Cluster Manager on cloud.redhat.com

Automatic registration of OpenShift clusters

View cluster versions and capacity in one place, no matter what infrastructure you are running on. Integrated with RHSM.

OpenShift Dedicated cluster management

Self-service cluster deployment, scaling, and management for OpenShift Dedicated coming soon.

Azure Red Hat OpenShift

Information about these clusters will be coming at a later date.

Hosted in the United States

Other geographies may come later. You can opt-out too.





OpenShift Subscription Management

Moves from node management to cluster management

Entitle clusters and not nodes. Nodes too dynamic. We do not block on usage. Requires telemeter Opt-In.

Dynamically adds and removes nodes

This cluster is overcommitting resources.

Last checked: 5/19/2019, 2:20:00 AM

UHC will dynamically add and remove nodes from your subscription allocations to the cluster in 24 hour intervals. This will move to instantaneous across the next several releases.

Please check the Red Hat Customer Portal to make sure all clusters are covered by subscriptions and contact sales if required.

Connected to the same backend as Subscription Portal and Satellite

Allocation numbers you see at cloud.redhat.com for OCP can be also seen on the subscription portal at access.redhat.com

Removes OCP Infrastructure from the count

UHC will figure out which pods are your OCP infra pods and subtract out their usage from your core count so you are not

charged.

0,00	
Below	s a list of systems for this account.
Filter	by Name, UUID, or Cloud Provider
	Name
0	Name eb121bf1-aa59-422a-a417-2e5fcfa7ffd4
0	Name eb121bf1-aa59-422a-a417-2e5fcfa7ffd4



Graphical Re-configuration

Global Configuration

You complete most of the cluster configuration and customization after you deploy your OpenShift Container Platform cluster.

Change via Cluster Settings screen

Once you have discovered your desired settings, changes can be made via console or CLI.

Operators apply these updates

One or more Operators are responsible for propagating these settings through the infrastructure

≡ Sed Hat OpenShift Container Platform III O kubecadmin ▼					
Home	You are logged in as a temporary administrative user. Update the cluster OAuth configuration to allow others to log in.				
	Cluster Settings				
Catalog	Overview Global Configuration Cluster Operators				
Workloads					
Networking	Edit the following resources to manage the configuration of your cluster.				
	CONFIGURATION RESOURCE				
Storage	APIServer Edit YAML				
Builds	Authentication Edit YAML				
Monitoring	Build Edit YAML				
Compute 🗸	ClusterVersion Edit YAML				
Nodes	Console Edit YAML				
Machines Machine Sets	DNS Edit YAML				
Machine Configs	FeatureGate Edit YAML				
Machine Config Pools	Image Edit YAML				
Administration 🗸	Infrastructure Edit YAML				
Cluster Status	Ingress Edit YAML				
Cluster Settings Namespaces	Network Edit YAML				
Service Accounts Roles	OAuth Edit YAML				
Role Bindings	Project Edit YAML				
Resource Quotas Limit Ranges	Scheduler Edit YAML				
Custom Resource Definitions	Long Traine				



Network Configuration

Example #1: Operator-Assisted Ingress Sharding

In 4.1, the way you create a sharded router is different (API call versus '*oc adm*' command). A simple config (example to right), implemented by the ingress operator, automatically integrates sharding with the external (front-end) DNS/LB configured at install-time.

Example #2: Create a Second Router

Ingress controller configuration is now a first-class object, meaning additional Ingress controllers can be created by making multiple Ingress objects. This is the preferred method for giving teams their own subdomains, replacing the 'oc adm' method (see right).

```
apiVersion: operator.openshift.io/v1
kind: IngressController
metadata:
   namespace: openshift-ingress-operator
   name: internal-apps
spec:
   domain: internal-apps.dmace.devcluster.openshift.com
   routeSelector:
      matchLabels:
      environment: internal
```

```
$ cat <<EOF | oc create -f -
apiVersion: operator.openshift.io/v1
kind: IngressController
metadata:
   namespace: openshift-ingress-operator
   name: finance-apps
spec:
   domain: finance-apps.openshift.example.com
EOF</pre>
```

Configuring an Identity Provider

The Cluster Authentication Operator

- Use the *cluster-authentication-operator* to configure an Identity Provider. The configuration is stored in the *oauth/cluster* custom resource object inside the cluster.
- Once that's done, you may choose to remove *kubeadmin* (warning: there's no way to add it back).
- All the identity providers supported in 3.11 are supported in 4.1: LDAP, GitHub, GitHub Enterprise, GitLab, Google; OpenID Connect, HTTP request headers (for SSO), Keystone, Basic authentication.
- For more information: <u>Understanding identity provider configuration</u> <u>cluster-authentication-operator</u>





OpenShift 4 Upgrades

* Hypothetical timeline for discussion purposes



OTA Upgrades

Works between two minor releases in a serial manner.

Happy path = migrate through each version

On a regular cadence, migrate to the next supported version.

Optional path = migration tooling

If you fall more than two releases behind, you must use the application migration tooling to move to a new cluster.

Current minor release

Full support for all bugs and security issues 1 month full support overlap with next release to aid migrations

Previous minor release

Fixes for critical bugs and security issues for 5 months



OpenShift 4 Lifecycle

* Hypothetical timeline for discussion purposes



New model

Release based, not date based. Rolling three release window for support.

The overall 4 series will be supported for at least three years

- Minimum two years full support (likely more)
- One year maintenance past the end of full support

EUS release planned

Supported for 14 months of critical bug and critical security fixes instead of the normal 5 months. If you stay on the EUS for its entire life, you must use the application migration tooling to move to a new cluster



OpenShift 4.1

Deploying applications



A broad ecosystem of workloads

Operator-backed services allow for a SaaS experience on your own infrastructure





Red Hat Certified Operators





Deploying applications

Red Hat Universal Base Image





Universal Base Image Compatibility and Support



Generally Available



Developer and application tools



Next wave of developer tools*

OpenShift has all of the latest tools to make your devs more productive

Code	Containers
Serverless	Service Mesh



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Migrating to OpenShift 4

Tooling and advice for moving from OpenShift 3.x to 4.x





App migration experience

Open source tooling based on Velero

What's moved during a migration

- Namespaces
- Persistent Volumes (move or copy)
- All important resource objects (Deployments, StatefulSets, etc)

Available in OpenShift 4.2

Customers are anxious to get their hands on this, but we want to get it right. We would love to receive sample application workloads to test.

	Migration Plan V Create a migration plan	Vizard				
	1 General	Source Cluster	Summ	it Demo Source	Cluster 🗸 🗸 🗸	
	2 Migration Source	Select projects to be migrated:				
	3 Persistent Volumes			Name		
	4 Migration Targets	×		robot-	shop	
v	Migration Plans			sandbo	28	
Name	Migrations	Source	Target	Repository	Persistent Volumes	Last Status
Odem	no plan 🕞 2	Summit Demo Source Cluster	Target cluster	mydemobucket	2 2	Migrated Succes
Odem	no2 🕞* 2	Summit Demo Source Cluster	Target cluster	mydemobucket	2	Migrated Succes



Why did we choose this migration strategy?

Reducing risk

A ton of innovation went into OpenShift 4, and an in-place upgrade would have risk of failure in which there is no forwards or backwards remediation. It allows you to skip from 3.7/3.9/3.10/3.11 to 4.x.

Useful for 4-to-4 migrations

A general migration tool is frequently requested and a better long term investment. Build a foundation towards making your clusters less fragile.

Allows for staging

Stage a mock migration before doing it live, on a Project by Project basis. Extremely useful for preparing to succeed.





Hosted OpenShift

Get the best of OpenShift without being on call





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Hosted OpenShift Benefits

OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFOR	M — HOSTED	HOSTED OPENSHIFT			
Full Stack Pre-existin Automated Infrastructu	g Azure Red Hat re OpenShift	OpenShift Dedicated			
Skip the on-call rotation	Deploy directly from the Azure console	Powerful cluster, no maintenance needed			
Red Hat engineers keep you up to da	te Jointly managed by Red Hat and Azure engineers	Managed by Red Hat engineers and support			
Expand capacity without hassle	Free your team from the distraction of ops	Free your team from the distraction of ops			

Thank you

- Red Hat is the world's leading provider of
- enterprise open source software solutions.
- Award-winning support, training, and consulting
- services make
- Red Hat a trusted adviser to the Fortune 500.

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